



AUSTRALIAN
GALLOWAY
ASSOCIATION

Australian Galloway Association Inc.

By-Laws



1. REGISTRATION OF FULL BLOOD AND PURE BRED GALLOWAY CATTLE

- 1.1 The Association will use the Computer Equivalent Tattoo (CET) system to accurately and permanently identify all animals.
- 1.2 Application for registration of Galloway cattle shall only be accepted from Members, Life Members, Junior and School Members of the Association who have paid all fees, levies, penalties, etc. in respect of their herd or any other monies owed to the Association.
- 1.3 Each application for registration must be made on an official form supplied by the Association and lodged together with the prescribed fees with the Secretary.
- 1.4 Should the Secretary question the eligibility of any animal submitted for registration the matter shall be referred to the Committee.
- 1.5 The onus shall rest with "members" in all cases of satisfying the Committee of the eligibility of animals submitted for registration.
- 1.6 Every "member" shall be required to register a stud prefix and tattoo brand. Tattoo brands shall be composed of letters only, no figures, symbols or conjoined letters will be accepted. The number of letters for any new tattoo brand shall be three (3).
- 1.7 Registration will be accepted where the animal demonstrates a minimum of 93.75% Galloway or 93.75% Belted Galloway breeding. Pure Bred animals, and their descendants, can never be registered as Full Blood animals. Imported animals that demonstrate a minimum of 93.75% Galloway or 93.75% Belted Galloway breeding will require a pedigree showing five generations of ancestry. Eligibility for registration will require the approval by the Committee.
- 1.8 Every animal submitted for registration must be legibly and indelibly tattooed in the ear with the first owner's registered tattoo brand, year identifier and herd number. The Association's official entry forms must be correctly completed.
- 1.9 The Committee may insist upon inspection of any animal and its sire and dam before granting registration and appoint an inspector to carry out the duty. The expense of the inspection shall be borne by the member.
- 1.10 Multiple ownership is acceptable for up to four (4) owners and progeny can be registered by any of the four with their own herd name and tattoo providing they are current members.
- 1.11 No animal shall be registered if of a colour or showing markings foreign to the Galloway breed. All animals must be polled (no horns or scurs).



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- 1.12 Exclusive of stud prefix, length of name shall not exceed fifteen (15) characters, including spaces.
- 1.13 The name of an animal shall not be changed after registration without the approval of the Committee, except in the case of typographical error.
- 1.14 The Committee may refuse to allow any name which it considers too close to that of another animal, or to be misleading in that it gives a false impression of the breeding of the animal, or to be of an objectionable nature.
- 1.15 Entries for registration after twelve (12) months from the date of birth of the animal may be approved providing such entries are eligible under requirements for registration and are accompanied by a late fee prescribed by the Committee.
- 1.16 No two (2) calves of the same first owner shall be tattooed with the same number.
- 1.17 The name and address of the breeder of each animal must be given. The breeder of an animal is the owner of its dam at the time of conception. The first owner is the owner of a calf's dam at the time of calving, except where a dam permit applies.
- 1.18 The registration of a calf being the progeny of a sire and/or dam not the property of the breeder of the calf must be accompanied by a sire and/or dam permit, signed by the owner of the sire and/or dam, together with the appropriate fee.
- 1.19 All registered Galloway cattle will be issued with a certificate of registration. On this certificate will be permanently and unambiguously printed:
 - (i) Name of breeder
 - (ii) Name of first owner
 - (iii) Stud and animal name
 - (iv) Computer Equivalent Tattoo particulars
 - (v) Colour
 - (vi) Sex
 - (vii) Date of Birth
 - (viii) Mode of conception - Natural (N), Artificial Insemination (AI) or Embryo Transfer (ET).
 - (ix) Whether a twin (T)
 - (x) Breeding particulars:
 - a] **Full Blood (F)** - A Full Blood animal is one that qualifies for registration with the Galloway Cattle Society of Australia Inc. at the 1996 Annual General Meeting. A Full Blood animal must be the progeny of Full Blood parents.
 - b] **Pure Bred (P)** - A Pure Bred animal is one that has one or more ancestors that are not Full Blood and has a minimum Grade of 93.75%.



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- c] **Grade (%)** - The documented percentage of Galloway or Belted Galloway breeding.
 - d] **Base Animal** - A description of the base animal used in a grading-up program. This will be permanently identified on the certificates of recording and/or registration of all descendants.
- (xi) Ancestral code - Identification of animals with or without white, red or belted ancestry.
 - (xii) Three generations of ancestry describing CET, name, colour, grade, ancestral and breed codes for each ancestor.
 - (xiii) Registration certificate.
- 1.20 Applications for registration will be accepted only for animals that have a negative Mannosidosis test result, or are the progeny of Mannosidosis free parents.
- 1.21 Members must notify the Secretary immediately of the birth of any deformed calf, for the purposes of establishing a diagnosis of any genetic deformity. In the event the diagnosis is tibial hemimelia (TH):
- a) The Committee must be notified immediately.
 - b) The parents of any known TH calf must be eliminated.
- Any as yet unborn or unregistered progeny of those parents will not be eligible for registration.
- 1.22 Every 100th animal registered or recorded by the Association shall be tested for parentage at the Association's cost but the cost of collection shall be met by the first owner of the animal. Should the test prove negative then the breeder is required at his/her cost to test the rest of the animals bred by the breeder and presented for registration/recording in the previous twelve (12) months (including embryo calves) - to a maximum of ten (10) animals selected at random by the Executive Officer/Administration Officer. Should the breeder not comply, the registrations/recordings on those animals registered/recorded in the past twelve (12) months will be rescinded and no further registrations/recordings will be accepted, subject to the Committee's discretion.
- 1.23 For all DNA/Parentage testing the person collecting the blood or other sample must identify the animal by reading the tattoo.
- 1.24 All calves registered after 1st January 2005 must have their sire DNA recorded and details sent to the AGA office, provided that if the DNA data cannot be provided each registration will be subject to approval by the Executive and/or Committee.
- 1.25 All bull calves registered after 1st January 2014 must have their DNA recorded at and details sent to the AGA office at the time of registration, provided that if the DNA data cannot be provided each registration will be subject to approval by the Committee. Sire verification will be carried out at the time of DNA testing.



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- 1.26 Upon genetic discrepancies being discovered within a registered herd through DNA testing:
- (i) The Committee may require DNA parent verification of a percentage of the herd, which could include cattle sold from the herd, subject to the discretion of the Committee.
 - (ii) Costs of the DNA testing will be borne by the breeder of the subject herd. An administration cost may be imposed by the Australian Galloway Association.
 - (iii) Should the breeder not comply with Rules 1.26 (i) to 1.26 (ii), the herd may be suspended or de-registered, subject to the discretion of the Committee.



2. GRADING UP REGULATIONS FOR GALLOWAY CATTLE

- 2.1 There shall be a record for animals showing 50% or more and up to 93.75% of documented Galloway breeding.
- 2.2 All recorded animals must be polled (no horns or scurs).
- 2.3 Recorded animals will be ineligible for showing but will be eligible for participation in Association sponsored sales.
- 2.4 If a member can adequately demonstrate that an animal has greater than 50% Galloway or Belted Galloway breeding, then the Committee will have the power to deem at which level these animals are initially recorded.
- 2.5 Applications for recording of Galloway cattle shall only be accepted from Members, Life Members, Junior Members, School Members and Commercial Members of the Association who have paid all fees, levies, penalties etc. in respect of their herd or any other monies owed to the Association.
- 2.6 Each application for recording must be made on an official form supplied by the Association and lodged together with the prescribed fees with the Secretary.
- 2.7 Should the Secretary question the eligibility of any animal submitted for recording, the matter shall be referred to the Committee.
- 2.8 The onus shall rest with the member in all cases of satisfying the Committee of the eligibility of animals submitted for recording.
- 2.9 Every Member, Life Member, Junior Member and School Member shall be required to register a herd name and tattoo brand. Tattoo brands shall be composed of letters only, no figures, symbols or conjoined letters will be accepted. The number of letters for any new tattoo brand shall be three (3). Commercial members shall be required to register a herd name and tattoo brand in order to record calves.
- 2.10 Every animal submitted for recording must be legibly and indelibly tattooed in the ear with the first owner's registered tattoo brand, year identifier and herd number. The Association's official entry forms must be correctly completed.
- 2.11 The Committee may insist upon inspection of any animal and its sire and dam before granting recording status and appoint an inspector or inspectors to carry out the duty. The expense of the inspection shall be borne by the member.



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- 2.12 Exclusive of stud prefix, length of name shall not exceed fifteen (15) characters, including spaces.
- 2.13 The name of an animal shall not be changed after recording without the approval of the Committee, except in the case of typographical error.
- 2.14 The Committee may refuse to allow any name which it considers too close to that of another animal, or to be misleading in that it gives a false impression of the breeding of the animal, or to be of an objectionable nature.
- 2.15 Entries for recording after twelve (12) months from the date of birth of the animal may be approved providing such entries are eligible under requirements for recording and are accompanied by a late fee prescribed by the Committee.
- 2.16 No two (2) calves of the same first owner shall be tattooed with the same number.
- 2.17 The name and address of the breeder of each animal must be given. The breeder of an animal is the owner of its dam at the time of conception. The first owner is the owner of a calf's dam at the time of calving, except where a dam permit applies.
- 2.18 The recording of a calf being the progeny of a sire and/or dam not the property of the breeder of the calf must be accompanied by a sire and/or dam permit, signed by the owner of the sire and/or dam, together with the appropriate fee.
- 2.19 All recorded Galloway cattle will be issued with a certificate of recording. On this certificate will be permanently and unambiguously printed:
- (i) Name of breeder
 - (ii) Name of first owner
 - (iii) Stud and animal name
 - (iv) Computer Equivalent Tattoo particulars
 - (v) Colour
 - (vi) Sex
 - (vii) Date of Birth
 - (viii) Mode of conception - Natural (N), Artificial Insemination (AI) or Embryo Transfer (ET).
 - (ix) Whether a twin (T)
 - (x) Breeding particulars:
 - a] **Grade (%)** - The documented percentage of Galloway or Belted Galloway breeding.
 - b] **Base Animal** - A description of the base animal used in a grading-up program. This will be permanently identified on the certificates of recording and/or registration of all descendants.
 - (xi) Ancestral code - Identification of animals with or without white, red or belted ancestry.



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- (xii) Three generations of ancestry describing CET, name, colour, grade, ancestral and breed codes for each ancestor where documented.
 - (xiii) Recording certificate.
- 2.20 Members must notify the Secretary immediately of the birth of any deformed calf, for the purposes of establishing a diagnosis of any genetic deformity. In the event the diagnosis is tibial hemimelia (TH):
- a) The Committee must be notified immediately.
 - b) The parents of any known TH calf must be eliminated.
Any as yet unborn or unrecorded progeny of those parents will not be eligible for recording.
- 2.21 Every 100th animal registered or recorded by the Association shall be tested for parentage at the Association's cost but the cost of collection shall be met by the first owner of the animal. Should the test prove negative then the breeder is required at his/her cost to test the rest of the animals bred by the breeder and presented for registration/recording in the previous twelve (12) months (including embryo calves) - to a maximum of ten (10) animals selected at random by the Executive Officer/Administration Officer. Should the breeder not comply, the registrations/recordings on those animals registered/recorded in the past twelve (12) months will be rescinded and no further registrations/recordings will be accepted, subject to the Committee's discretion.
- 2.22
- (a) To apply to have animals deemed an Application for Registration/Recording form should be completed together with a Deeming Application Form.
 - (b) Bred-up animals being recorded/registered with the Association from unrecorded parents can be deemed at a percentage after consideration to the breeding records and inspection of the animal to trueness to type.
 - (c) On the Recording/Registration Certificate ancestors which have not been recorded/registered will be described as follows:
 - BASE ANIMAL - Animals with less than 50% Galloway breeding. The Association will treat all animals with less than 50% Galloway breeding to have 0% Galloway ancestry.
 - PERCENTAGE(from 50% to 93.75%) Galloway Cow or Galloway Bull
 - PUREBRED Galloway Cow or Galloway Bull (93.75% or more)This information will be taken from a declaration from the breeder according to the breeding records presented.
 - (d) If all animals from and including Base Animals up are recorded/registered then the Recording/Registration Certificate will show the name and CET identification of these animals.
 - (e) An animal can only be deemed purebred if they have a negative Mannosidosis test result, or are the progeny of Mannosidosis free parents.
- 2.23 For all DNA/Parentage testing, the Person collecting the blood or other sample must identify the animal by reading the tattoo.



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- 2.24 All calves registered after 1st January 2005 must have their sire DNA recorded and details sent to the AGA office, provided that if the DNA data cannot be provided each registration will be subject to approval by the Committee.
- 2.25 All bull calves registered after 1st January 2014 must have their DNA recorded at and details sent to the AGA office at the time of registration, provided that if the DNA data cannot be provided each registration will be subject to approval by the Committee. Sire verification will be carried out at the time of DNA testing.
- 2.26 Deeming
- 2.26.1 Cattle which are otherwise un-registrable with the Australian Galloway Association Inc because of pedigree or lack thereof, will only be considered for deeming as Galloways (Miniatures, Belted, etc) if the applicant can demonstrate that this action will bring desirable attributes into the breed that cannot otherwise be created by breeding from within the gene pool of registered stud cattle.
- 2.26.2 Only Galloways (Miniature, Belted, etc) cattle are to be considered for deeming. Since these cattle are without pedigree it is required that the breeder of the cattle being submitted (or other person who can substantiate that they are in a position to know) produces a signed affidavit to this effect.
- 2.26.3 Deemed cattle shall remain in the Purebred section of the Herd Book.
- 2.26.4 Procedure for Deeming:
- 2.26.4.1 The applicant will submit details of the cattle to be deemed.
- 2.26.4.2 The applicant will submit the argument as to why and what attributes these cattle will bring to the Galloway (Miniature, Belted, etc) breed.
- 2.26.4.3 The applicant will submit an affidavit from the breeder substantiating that the cattle are Galloway (Miniature, Belted, etc).
- 2.26.4.4 The applicant will submit a fee per animal equal to the current registration fee without the under 12 month concession. Fee will be refunded if the cattle are rejected.
- 2.26.4.5 The Committee may request a physical inspection of the cattle and of the breeding books and records by a person appointed by the Committee in accordance with the By-laws.
- 2.26.4.6 The applicant will submit a negative Mannosidosis Test results for each animal.
- 2.26.4.7 The Australian Galloway Association Inc Committee will be responsible for making such decisions.
- 2.27 Upon genetic discrepancies being discovered within a registered herd through DNA testing:
- (i) The Committee may require DNA parent verification of a percentage of the herd, which could include cattle sold from the herd, subject to the discretion of the Committee.



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- (ii) Costs of the DNA testing will be borne by the breeder of the subject herd. An administration cost may be imposed by the Australian Galloway Association.
- (iii) Should the breeder not comply with Rules 2.27(i) to 2.27(ii) the herd may be suspended or de-registered, subject to the discretion of the Committee.



**MINIATURE GALLOWAY, BELTED GALLOWAY
AND WHITE GALLOWAY CATTLE**

- 3.1 Registration for Miniature Galloways, Miniature Belted Galloways and Miniature White Galloways shall comply with By-Laws for the Registration of Full Blood and Pure Bred Galloway Cattle and for the Grading Up By-Laws for Galloway Cattle.
- 3.2 The registered owner of a Miniature Galloway shall be responsible for compliance with this By-Law. This shall include representations made to others as to the miniature status of the animal. The registered owner should monitor the height of each animal through its growth to maturity.
- 3.3 Miniature registration status is recognised on an individual basis.
- 3.4 Dwarfism or malfeatures in skeletal structure will disqualify an animal for registration as a Miniature.
- 3.5 The Australian Galloway Association “Height Recording Form” must be completed and signed by the owner and returned to the Australian Galloway Association office for data recording on the following occasions:
 - 3.5.1 With the registration application;
 - 3.5.2 With a transfer application;
 - 3.5.3 At 24 months and;
 - 3.5.4 At maturity
 - 3.5.5 Maturity is deemed to occur at an age of 48 months.
- 3.6 The maximum height at maturity must not exceed:
Male – 125 cm.
Female – 120 cm.
- 3.7 For animals registered up to 12 months of age, the maximum height at registration must not exceed:
Male – 114 cm.
Female – 110 cm.
- 3.8 For animals registered at ages greater than 12 months the requirements of this Bylaw will apply.
- 3.9 If a Miniature Galloway grows over the maximum height its Miniature Galloway Registration Certificate will be revoked. The registration will be transferred to the general herd book and a Galloway Registration Certificate will be issued.
 - 3.9.1 The Certificate re-issue fee published in the Australian Galloway Association fee schedule will apply.
- 3.10 If after reasonable requests are made and the mature height measurement is not submitted, the Miniature Galloway Registration Certificate will be transferred to



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standard Galloway Registration and a Galloway Registration Certificate and Certificate Re-issue fee invoice will be issued to the registered owner.

- 3.11 The Australian Galloway Association herdbook will record the height of each miniature animal at registration and at maturity and this data will be available for inspection.
- 3.12 Animals that comply with the Australian Galloway Association registration criteria for Miniature Galloways, Miniature Belted Galloways and Miniature White Galloways may be shown in a Miniature Galloway class. The Owner will be responsible for the animal's compliance with the Australian Galloway Association By-Laws.
- 3.13 If the owner of a Galloway, Belted Galloway or White Galloway wishes to have the "Miniature" notation recorded on the pedigree, it can only be amended with the written permission of the original breeder, and must be accompanied by a Miniature Hip Height Recording Form and comply with the By-Laws.



4. BELTED GALLOWAYS

4.1 For Belted Bulls

The belt **must** entirely surround the girth of the animal without any breaks. The belt must not be less than 1cm at 2 years of age nor may it extend beyond the shoulders or the hips or down the legs. The bull may not have white markings elsewhere.

4.1.1 A bull from a mis-marked Belted Galloway cow is ineligible for registration in the Herd Book of the Australian Galloway Association Inc.

4.1.2 A clear photograph (digital preferred) of both sides of the bull must be submitted on registration. The photograph must clearly show all feet, which should be free of dirt or mud, and not obstructed by long grass or straw, or any objects such as fences.

4.1.3 From 1 July 2022 only Belted Galloway bulls with a pedigree of 93.75% and above, that is Fullblood or Purebred, can be used to sire Belted Galloway calves that are eligible for registration in the herd book.

4.2 For Belted Females

By-law 4.1 applies to Belted Females with the following, though undesirable, concessions:

- Females with broken belts may be registered, but this is to be recorded on the certificate and such animals may not be shown except as a calf at foot where show rules permit.
- Females with white feet may be registered, but this is to be recorded on the certificate and such animals may not be shown except as a calf at foot where show rules permit.
- Females with coloured hair spots within the belt may be registered but this is to be recorded on the certificate and such animals may not be shown except as a calf at foot where show rules permit.

4.3 The Association's policy is that Belted Galloways are to be shown separately to solids wherever accepted by Show authorities. They may be shown together at small country shows.

4.4 Mis-marked Belted Galloways are not eligible for showing

4.5 Belted Galloways do not have horns or scurs and may be black, dun or red, these being the only recognised pigment colours in the breed.

4.6 Belted Galloways bred up from Fullblood Galloways to 93.75% shall become Fullbloods and their Ancestral Code for Belted Galloways bred up from Fullblood Galloways is to permanently remain to indicate their Galloway origin.



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5. WHITE GALLOWAYS

- 5.1 Cattle entered in " Section III : White Galloways " of the Canadian Galloway Herd Book shall be eligible for registration by the Australian Galloway Association Inc. as Fullblood White Galloways independent of the number of their documented White Galloway antecedents.



6. RIGGIT GALLOWAYS

- 6.1 Registration for Riggит Galloways and Miniature Riggит Galloways shall comply with By-Laws for the Registration of Full Blood and Pure Bred Galloway Cattle and for the Grading Up By-Laws for Galloway Cattle.
- 6.2 The colour patterns in the herd book will be described as Black Riggит, Red Riggит and Dun Riggит.
- 6.3 The animal must be correctly marked; it must have a white dorsal stripe with the rest of body being a single colour typically black, dun or red as far back as the final rib. It must have symmetry of colour. White markings may occur on the underline, on the face and on the legs but should not run down to the hoof.
- 6.4 Riggит colour pattern Galloways will be eligible to be shown in Galloway classes.
- 6.5 A clear photograph (digital preferred) of both sides of the Riggит Galloway must be submitted on registration. The photograph must clearly show the markings of the animal, and not be obstructed by long grass or straw, or any objects such as fences.



7. TRANSFER RULES

- 7.1 It shall be compulsory for the vendor to officially transfer all registered stock sold for further stud purposes. Such transfers must be made on official forms supplied by the Association and lodged with the Secretary within thirty days from date of sale. Such transfers must be accompanied by the prescribed fee for each transfer and until such fees are paid no transfers shall be recorded by the Secretary. Omission from the official transfer list will disqualify the progeny of any animal from registration in the name of the transferee.
- 7.2 A member transferor shall be responsible to the Committee of the Association to physically check the recorded tattoo marks as shown on a Herd Book registered animal before the animal is delivered or consigned to the purchaser. If the tattoo marks cannot be clearly read or an error has been made on the Herd registration form it shall be reported by the transferor to the Committee forthwith for direction.
- An animal shall not be re-tattooed without first gaining permission from the Committee. Should it be necessary to re-apply tattoo marks, in whole or portion, such marks must be re-applied in the presence of an official appointed by the Committee. After which the official shall report to the Committee to enable the records of the Association to be noted accordingly.
- 7.3 A transferee shall physically check the recorded tattoo marks shown on a Herd Book registered animal immediately the animal is received from the transferor and he shall be responsible to ensure by checking that an application for transfer of each animal acquired by him is lodged by the transferor within thirty days of his acquisition. If the tattoo marks cannot be clearly read, particulars of such shall be reported by the transferee to the Committee. The conditions for re-tattooing will apply as in By-Law 7.2.
- 7.4 The purchaser of a stud shall have no right to the previous owner's stud prefix except with the written sanction of the previous owner and with the approval of the Committee.
- 7.5 Any calf at sale prior to transfer must be registered.
- 7.6 The transfer of a calf up to nine months of age and cow as a unit will be accepted by the Association, under one transfer fee but individual transfer forms must be submitted.
- 7.7 Formal notification of leasing of stud male or female cattle must be forwarded to the Secretary within 30 days at a fee determined by the Committee.
- 7.8 Mannosidosis: transfers of registered cattle will not be accepted unless they or both parents have been proven to have normal enzyme levels.



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- 7.9 Transfers between family members as a result of divorce, death or other matter approved by Committee will be deemed to be at a non arms length transfer, and such a transfer will incur a fee of 25% of the schedule transfer fee.
- 7.10 Transfer as a result of a new member joining the Australian Galloway Association Inc from another Association and cattle being transferred into the Australian Galloway Association Inc Herd book from other approved Associations, will attract a transfer fee of 25% of the scheduled transfer fee.

TRANSFERS TO/FROM NON-MEMBERS

- 7.11 Transfers for Galloway cattle shall only be accepted from financial members of the Association who have paid all fees, levies, penalties etc in respect of their herd, or any other monies owed to the Association.
- 7.12 Registered or recorded animals transferred to non members shall be regarded as inactive by the Association unless the non member owner shall apply for a membership of the Association within 6 months of the date of transfer in which case reinstatement of the animal/s will be made without payment of a reinstatement fee but shall be subject to payment of any appropriate levies.
- 7.13 Transfer fees for inactive animals from non members to members shall be charged in addition to the appropriate reinstatement fee which gives the animal active status on the inventory until December 31 following.
- 7.14 The transfer of animals from non members to members shall only be accepted by the Association if authorized by the last registered owner.



8. ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION RULES

The following provisions apply exclusively to the use of Artificial Insemination.

- 8.1 (a) "Recorded Owner" in relation to semen denotes a person who is the beneficial owner of semen collected from a bull in Australia or imported into Australia and who is entitled to use such semen in accordance with the byelaws hereafter stated, upon such females beneficially owned by him and registered in the Herd Book.
- (b) For General Use AI Bulls there is not necessarily a recorded owner and there is no sire permit required to register calves from these bulls
- (c) Notwithstanding anything herein contained the Committee may insist upon inspection and/or blood typing/DNA testing of any animal and its sire and dam before granting registration and appoint an inspector or inspectors, and the expense of the inspection and/or blood typing/DNA testing shall be borne by the applicant.
- 8.2 The importation of semen and the sale or disposition and the use of such semen in the insemination of Galloway females within a State or Territory shall be governed by the laws of the relative State or Territory of the Commonwealth.
- 8.3 The use of semen from an AI bull with a recorded owner will require a sire permit for registration of the progeny by a non-owner. AI bulls for General Use do not require a sire permit for registration of the progeny.
- 8.4 The Association shall maintain a register of AI Sires.
- 8.5 Importers of Galloway semen into Australia shall give written notice to the Committee of such importation and lodge with the Association such particulars as the Committee may require in regard to:
- (a) The sire from which the semen was collected, including his name, tattoos and brands, the Herd Book in which he is registered and his Herd Book number, his date of birth and his pedigree (comprising five generations) and the source from which such pedigree was obtained.
- (b) Confirmation from the owner of the bull of the right to use and register progeny from the semen.
- (c) A copy of the blood type or DNA results of the bull collected.
- 8.6 The Association will keep a register of all semen including the ownership, the amount and the collection information.



9. EMBRYO TRANSPLANT RULES

The following provisions apply exclusively to the use of Embryo Transplant:

- 9.1 Host cow/s which are used for the purpose of incubating a fertilized ovum shall be identified with a tattoo or brand.
- 9.2 All details relating to identification of donor cows and host cows together with any results of pregnancy tests on host cows and insemination certificates when artificial insemination is used, shall be maintained and made available to the Association if required by the Committee when registration for the progeny is sought.
- 9.3 Subject to the By-Laws of the Association and to such regulations of Federal and State Government Departments as may exist from time to time, calves born from embryo transplants shall be eligible for recording and registration by the Association.
- 9.4 All eligible progeny got by Embryo Transplant shall be so indicated in the Herd Book and Calf Register by placing the letters ET in the appropriate place on the Application for Registration form and will be on the Registration Certificate.
- 9.5 Animals got by Embryo Transplant from sires and dams not owned by the person registering the calves shall require an Embryo Permit from the registered owners at the time of registration.
- 9.6 An Embryo Permit shall be made available by the vendor at the time of sale for registration and transfer indicating ownership. This permit will include the pedigree information, date of collection and other pertinent information.
- 9.7 Imported Embryos - in order to register progeny from imported embryos the following must be considered:-
 - the sire and dam must be eligible for registration in Australia
 - a copy of the blood type or DNA results of the parents of the embryo must be sent to the Association when applying to register the progeny.
- 9.8 The Association will keep a Register of Embryos together with a copy of the official collection records including sire and dam details to enable the future registration of the resulting progeny.
- 9.9 For inclusion in Embryo Section A: available Embryos, no Dam or Sire Permits required for registration of calves, all embryos from registered Galloways to be recorded with the Australian Galloway Association Inc. on a register and copies of the flushing certificates to be sent to the AGA office with the appropriate fee.



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- 9.10 For inclusion in Embryo Section B: privately owned Embryos, Embryo Transfer Certificate or Sire and Dam Permits required for registration of calves, Embryo Transfer Certificates to be completed in triplicate, one copy to be given to the purchaser, one copy to be kept by the vendor, one copy to be sent to the AGA office with the appropriate fee at the time of sale.



10. GENERAL RULES

- 10.1 Members shall be notified in writing of all changes to byelaws and such changes shall not become effective until 14 days from the posting of such notification to members.
- 10.2 Members shall pay all fees, levies, penalties, etc as set out in the current Fee Schedule by the due date. However, should all fees, levies, penalties etc be not paid within 30 days of the due date and the member has been requested in writing to make the payment by the Secretary then the Secretary in conjunction with the Executive can deem animals on the members inventory be made "inactive" at the expiration of a further 30 days. Should the member advise the Secretary that they are experiencing financial or other difficulties in making the payment then the Secretary in conjunction with the Executive is empowered to use discretion to make whatever arrangements deemed appropriate to assist the member."
- 10.3 Applications for Membership shall be approved by the Executive Officer/Administration Officer in consultation with the President and two Vice-Presidents, and subsequently be ratified by the next Committee meeting
- 10.4 The Committee shall be responsible for nominating all judges for Royal Shows.



Appendix 1

DEEMING APPLICATION FORM

Stud Name:

Name of Animal to be deemed:

Tattoo of Animal to be deemed:

History on the parentage to justify the percentage to be deemed:

Declaration from the breeders of all of these animals:

Deeming requested by:

Signed:

Date:



Appendix 2

HISTORY OF PARENTAGE

Great Grand Sire.....

Paternal Grand Sire

Great Grand Dam

Sire

Great Grand Sire.....

Paternal Grand Dam

Great Grand Dam

Great Grand Sire.....

Maternal Grand Sire

Great Grand Dam

Dam

Great Grand Sire.....

Maternal Grand Dam

Great Grand Dam

Deeming requested by:

Signed:

Date: